

TWO EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES

START WITH TWO EQUATIONS LIKE THIS:

$$ax + by = e$$

$$cx + dy = f$$



IF I RUN OUT OF LETTERS, I'LL USE PIECES OF FRUIT!

HERE a , b , c , d , e , AND f CAN BE ANY NUMBERS, AND x AND y ARE THE VARIABLES. NOTE THAT THERE ARE NO TERMS INVOLVING PRODUCTS OF VARIABLES LIKE xy OR xx OR x/y , JUST x AND y ALONE, WITH CONSTANT COEFFICIENTS. WE'VE JUST SEEN AN EXAMPLE: CELIA AND KEVIN'S CARPENTRY EQUATIONS (NOW USING x AND y INSTEAD OF B AND I).

$$3x + 4y = 900$$

$$3x + 2y = 600$$



WE WILL NOW SHOW THREE DIFFERENT WAYS TO SOLVE THIS PAIR OF EQUATIONS—THREE! AND THESE THREE WAYS ARE CALLED...

SUBSTITUTION, ELIMINATION,

AND, UM, WELL, THE THIRD WAY DOESN'T EXACTLY HAVE A NAME...



Substitution

AGAIN, START WITH THESE EQUATIONS:

$$(4) \quad 3x + 4y = 900$$

$$(5) \quad 3x + 2y = 600$$

WE SEEK VALUES OF x AND y THAT SOLVE BOTH EQUATIONS SIMULTANEOUSLY.

WATCH THIS y !



START BY USING EQUATION 5 TO SOLVE FOR y IN TERMS OF x .

$$(5) \quad 3x + 2y = 600$$

$$2y = 600 - 3x$$

$$(6) \quad y = 300 - \frac{3}{2}x$$

SINCE y IS THE SAME AS THAT EXPRESSION IN x , WE CAN **SUBSTITUTE** IT FOR y IN EQUATION 4.

$$3x + 4y = 900$$

$$3x + 4(300 - \frac{3}{2}x) = 900$$

'SCUSE ME!

SAME AS y !

$$3x + 4(300 - \frac{3}{2}x) = 900$$

NOW WE HAVE AN EQUATION IN ONE VARIABLE, x ALONE.

$$3x + 4(300 - \frac{3}{2}x) = 900$$

$$3x + 1200 - 6x = 900$$

$$6x - 3x = 1200 - 900$$

$$3x = 300$$

$$x = 100$$

AND y ? THE VERY FIRST STEP WAS TO FIND y IN TERMS OF x .

$$(6) \quad y = 300 - \frac{3}{2}x$$

$$y = 300 - \frac{3}{2}(100)$$

$$y = 300 - 150$$

$$y = 150$$

SO THE ANSWER IS

$$x = 100 \text{ (BRASS NAILS)}$$

$$y = 150 \text{ (IRON NAILS)}$$



GREAT! TIME TO POUND!

AND WE CHECK THAT THIS SOLUTION SOLVES **BOTH** EQUATIONS.

$$(4) \quad 3(100) + 4(150) \stackrel{?}{=} 900$$

$$300 + 600 = 900$$

$$(5) \quad 3(100) + 2(150) \stackrel{?}{=} 600$$

$$300 + 300 = 600$$

AS PROMISED!

HITS THE NAIL ON THE HEAD!



Elimination

THE SUBSTITUTION METHOD GETS RID OF ("ELIMINATES") ONE VARIABLE IN A RATHER ROUNDABOUT WAY. THIS METHOD GOES STRAIGHT TO IT!

HMM...
3... 3...

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 4y = 900 \\ 3x + 2y = 600 \end{array}$$

IF WE SUBTRACT THE LEFT SIDE OF ONE EQUATION FROM THE LEFT SIDE OF THE OTHER, THOSE $3x$ TERMS WILL CANCEL OUT. LET'S TRY THAT SUBTRACTION.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 4y = 900 \\ - (3x + 2y = 600) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$4y - 2y \rightarrow 2y = 300 \leftarrow 900 - 600$$

SUBTRACTING LEFT FROM LEFT AND RIGHT FROM RIGHT, WE'RE STILL TAKING AWAY EQUAL THINGS FROM EQUAL THINGS—SO THE RESULTS MUST BE EQUAL TOO!

NOW x IS ELIMINATED, AND WE HAVE FOUND

$$2y = 300$$

$$y = 150$$

FIND x BY PLUGGING IN 150 FOR y IN EITHER OF THE ORIGINAL EQUATIONS.

$$(4) \quad 3x + 4y = 900$$

$$3x + 4(150) = 900$$

$$3x + 600 = 900$$

$$3x = 300$$

$$x = 100$$



WHY AM
I NOT
SURPRISED?

Method 3

THIS ONE MIGHT BE CALLED "FIND y TWICE." THE EQUATIONS

$$(4) \quad 3x + 4y = 900$$

$$(5) \quad 3x + 2y = 600$$

ALLOW US TO SOLVE FOR y IN TERMS OF x IN TWO DIFFERENT WAYS.

FROM (4):

$$3x + 4y = 900$$

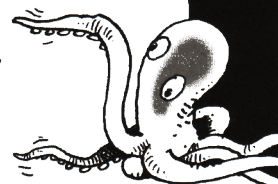
$$4y = 900 - 3x$$

$$(7) \quad y = \frac{1}{4}(900 - 3x)$$

AND FROM (5), WE ALREADY FOUND

$$(6) \quad y = \frac{1}{2}(600 - 3x)$$

TWO DIFFERENT
WAYS TO
EXPRESS y !



THE EXPRESSIONS $\frac{1}{4}(900 - 3x)$ AND $\frac{1}{2}(600 - 3x)$ ARE BOTH EQUAL TO y , SO THEY MUST BE EQUAL TO EACH OTHER.

AN
EQUATION
IN x
ONLY!



$$\frac{1}{4}(900 - 3x) = \frac{1}{2}(600 - 3x)$$

WE SOLVE IT WITHOUT MUCH FUSS:

$$\frac{1}{4}(900 - 3x) = \frac{1}{2}(600 - 3x)$$

$$900 - 3x = 2(600 - 3x)$$

(MULTIPLYING BY 4
TO CLEAR FRACTIONS)

$$900 - 3x = 1200 - 6x$$

$$6x - 3x = 1200 - 900$$

$$3x = 300$$

$$x = 100$$

FIND y FROM EITHER (6) OR (7) BY PLUGGING IN 100 FOR x .

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(600 - 3x)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(600 - (3)(100))$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(300)$$

$$y = 150$$

COULDN'T WE
GET A DIFFERENT
ANSWER ONCE IN
A WHILE?

